## SAI TUTORIALS

Std.: 9 (English)
Date: 04-Oct-2022
Maths - II
Marks: 25
MADHU,XAVIERS,SVPV,MARY
Time: 1 HR
Chapter: SEMESTER 1

## Q. 1 Multiple Choice Questions

1 If $P-Q-R$ and $d(P, Q)=2, d(P, R)=10$ then find $d(Q, R)$.
a. 12
b. 8
C. $\sqrt{96}$
d. 20

2 In $\triangle \mathrm{TPQ}, \angle \mathrm{T}=65^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{P}=95^{\circ}$ then which of the following statement correct?
a. $P Q<T P$
b. $P Q<T Q$
c. $\mathrm{TQ}<\mathrm{TP}<\mathrm{PQ}$
d. $P Q<T P<T Q$.

3 If a transversal intersects two parallel lines then the sum of interior angles on the same side of the transversal is
$\qquad$
a. $0^{\circ}$
b. $90^{\circ}$
d. $180^{\circ}$
d. $360^{\circ}$
Q. 2 Solve the following(Any Three)

1 From the information given below find which of the point is between the other two. If the points are not collinear, state so.
$d(P, R)=7 \quad d(P, Q)=10 \quad d(Q, R)=3$
2


In the given figure, $\mathrm{y}=108^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{x}=71^{\circ}$. Are lines m and n are parallel? Justify?
3 If $\triangle \mathrm{XYZ} \sim \triangle \mathrm{LMN}$, write the corresponding angles of the two triangles and also write the ratios of corresponding sides.

4 Write the following statement in conditional form.
Angles in a linear pair are supplementary.
Q. 3 Solve the following:(Any One)

1 In the adjoining figure points $S$ on side $Q R$ of $\triangle P Q R$. Prove that:- $P Q+Q R+R P>2 P S$


2


In figure $\angle A C D$ is an exterior angle of $\triangle A B C . \angle B=40^{\circ}, \angle A=70^{\circ}$.
Find the measure of $\angle A C D$.
Q. $4 \quad$ Solve the following(Any Three)

1 Prove that, if a line is perpendicular to one of the two parallel lines, then it is perpendicular to the other line also.
2 Construct $\triangle P Q R$, in which $Q R=4.2 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~m} \angle \mathrm{Q}=40^{\circ}$ and $P Q+P R=8.5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
3 Co-ordinate of point $A$ on a number line is 1 . What are the co-ordinates of points on a number line which are at a distance of 7 units from A ?

If two sides of a triangle are congurent then the angles opposite to them are congruent.

## Q. $5 \quad$ Answer the following.(Any Two)

1


In Figure, line $\mathrm{AB} \|$ line CD and line PQ is the transversal. Ray PT and ray QT are bisectors of $\angle \mathrm{BPQ}$ and $\angle$ $P Q D$ respectively. Prove that $\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{PTQ}=90^{\circ}$.

2


In the adjoining figure line $A B$ II Line CD line PS is the transversal. Ray $Q X$, Ray QY, Ray RX \& Ray RY bisects $\angle A Q R, \angle B Q R, \angle Q R D \& \angle Q R C$ are angle bisectors then prove that $\square Q X R Y$ is a rectangle.

3 Construct $\triangle P Q R$, in which $P Q-P R=2.4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{QR}=6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\angle P Q R=55^{\circ}$.

